

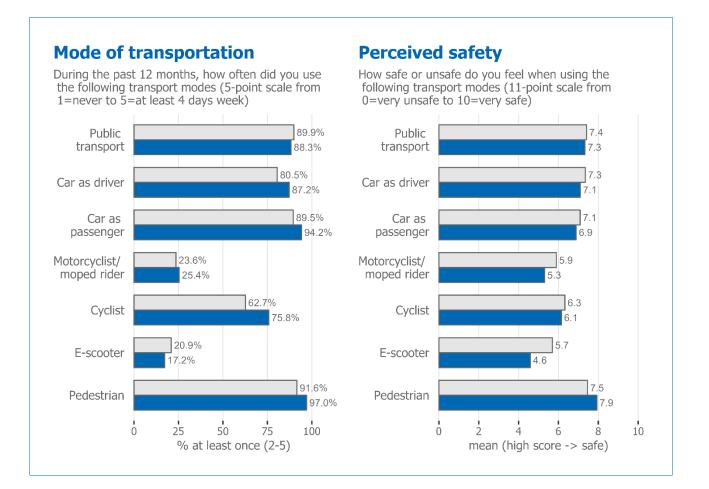
Slovenia ESRA3 Country Fact Sheet

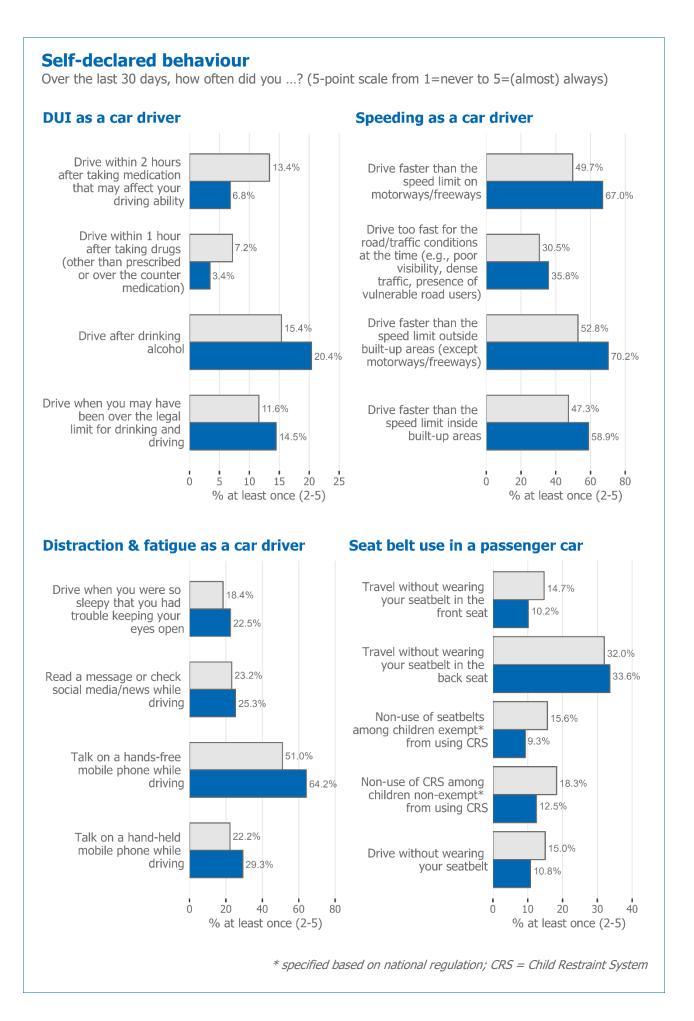
Version 2 (01/2024)

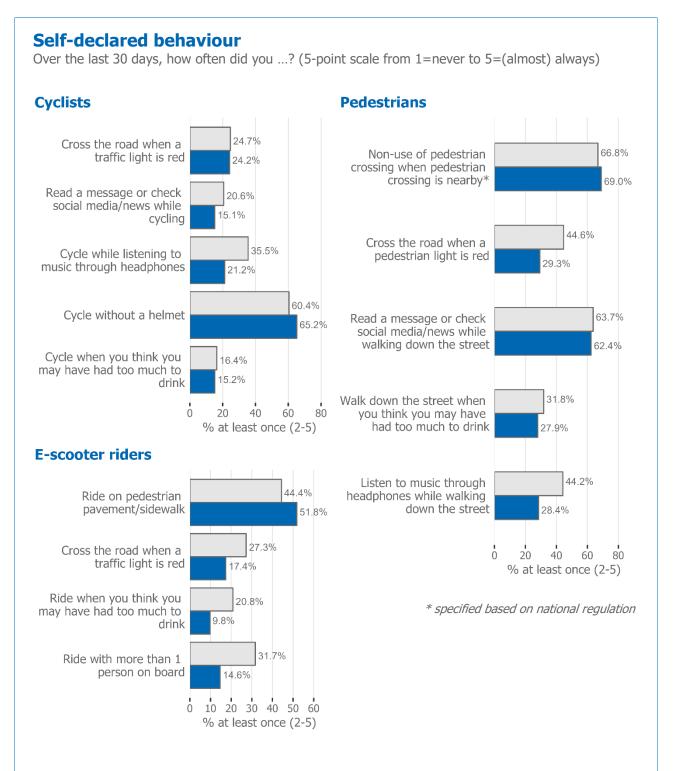
ESRA (E-Survey of Road Users' Attitudes) is a joint initiative of road safety institutes, research centres, public services, and private sponsors from all over the world. The aim is to collect and analyse comparable data on road safety performance and road safety culture. The ESRA data are used as a basis for a large set of road safety indicators. These provide scientific evidence for policy making at national and international levels. Vias institute in Brussels (Belgium) initiated and coordinates ESRA, in cooperation with ten steering group partners (BASt, DTU, IATSS, ITS, KFV, NTUA, PRP, SWOV, TIRF, University Gustave Eiffel). At the heart of ESRA is a jointly developed questionnaire survey, which is translated into national language versions¹. The themes covered include: self-declared behaviour, attitudes and opinions on unsafe traffic behaviour, enforcement experiences and support for policy measures. The survey addresses different road safety topics (e.g. driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs and medicines, speeding, distraction) and targets car occupants, motorcyclists and moped riders, cyclists, riders of e-scooters and pedestrians.

This fact sheet contains the key results of the ESRA3 survey, which was conducted simultaneously in 39 countries in 2023. In total this online panel survey collected data from more than 37,000 road users (945 in Slovenia, aged 18-74). The ESRA3 survey in Slovenia was supported by Slovenian Traffic Safety Agency. An overview of the initiative and more results are available on <u>www.esranet.eu</u>.

The following figures show a core set of variables in which Slovenia (blue bar) is compared with the Europe22 ESRA3 mean² (grey bar).







Sample size**

Road users who use each transport mode at least a few days per month.

805	16,900
	10,900
340	6,110
315	6,441
680	15,480
464	10,650
85	2,918
849	19,119
	315 680 464 85

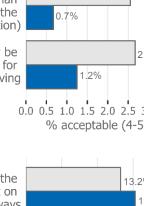
Personal acceptability

How acceptable do you, personally, feel it is to ...? (5-point scale from 1=unacceptable to 5=acceptable)

Car drivers DUI

Drive within 1 hour after taking drugs (other than prescribed or over the counter medication)

Drive when he/she may be over the legal limit for drinking and driving



Speeding

Drive faster than the speed limit on motorways/freeways

Drive faster than the speed limit outside built-up areas (except motorways/freeways)

Drive faster than the speed limit inside built-up areas

Seat belt

Transport children in the car without securing them (child's car seat, seatbelt, etc.)

Drive without wearing the seatbelt

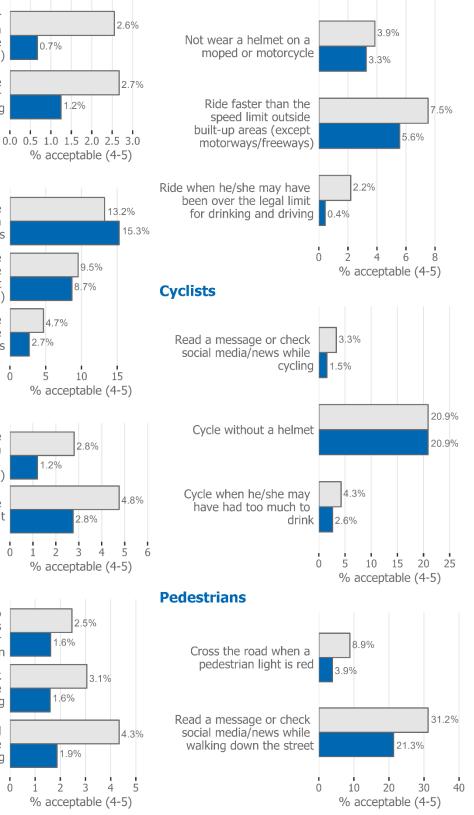
Distraction & fatigue

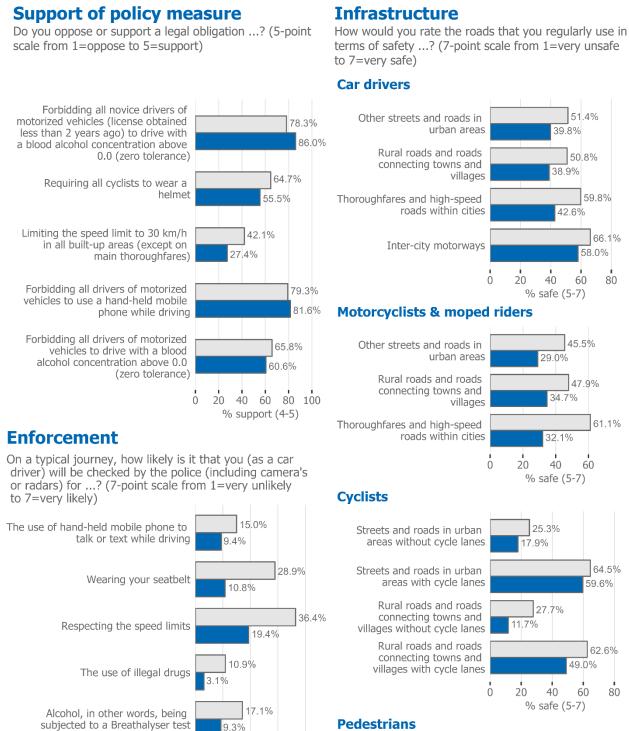
Drive when he/she is so sleepy that he/she has trouble keeping their eyes open

Read a message or check social media/news while driving

> Talk on a hand-held mobile phone while driving







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In the past 12 months, how many times have you been

while driving a car

Breathalyser test)

checked by the police for ...?

Using drugs (other than prescribed

or over the counter medication)

Using alcohol while driving a car

(i.e., being subjected to a

10

5.5%

10

3.8%

20 30

% likely (5-7)

18.8%

20

% at least once

40

28.1%

30

Streets and roads in urban areas without sidewalks Streets and roads in urban

Rural roads and roads connecting towns and villages without sidewalks Rural roads and roads connecting towns and

areas with sidewalks

Rural roads and roads connecting towns and villages with sidewalks 0 20 40 60 80 % safe (5-7)

29.4%

28.7%

21.0%

71.9%

68.6%

22.7%

Background Data

Basic data of Slovenia in relation to the Europe22³ mean.

Exposure		
	year	Slovenia
total length of roads (km)	2021	21,887
total length of motorways (km)	2021	780
vehicle kilometres (total in millions)	2021	19,449
motorisation rate (motor vehicles/1000 inhab.)	2021	742.2
Source: OECD		

Persons killed in road crashes by age, gender and transport mode

	Slovenia Europe22*)*	
	absolute number	%	absolute number	%
0-14	3	2.6	398	2.1
15-17	3	2.6	424	2.3
18-24	12	10.5	2,361	12.7
25-49	32	28.1	6,166	33.2
50-64	37	32.5	3,969	21.4
≥65	27	23.7	5,122	27.6
unknown age	0	0.0	112	0.6
male	93	81.6	14,529	78.3
female	21	18.4	3,990	21.5
unknown gender	0	0.0	33	0.2
car (including taxi)	32	28.1	7,349	43.7
moped	6	5.3	464	2.8
motorcycle	27	23.7	3,103	18.5
bicycle	10	8.8	1,640	9.8
pedestrian	15	13.2	2,814	16.7
other	24	21.1	1,437	8.6
TOTAL	114	100.0		100.0
fatalities per 1,000,000 inhab.	54.1		39.1	

Data of Slovenia from 2021. Europe22* based on the most recent data available by country. Due to missing data not included in mean for gender and age: Bosnia and Herzegovina; for transport modes moped and motorcyclists also Ireland, United Kingdom. The mean for 'fatalities per 1,000,000 inhab.' includes all countries. Source: <u>CARE database</u>

Population			
	year	Slovenia	Europe22
population	2021	2,108,079	482,386,787
density (inhab./km²)	2021	104.7	128.0
males (% of total)	2021	50.3	49.0
females (% of total)	2021	49.7	51.0
urban (% of total)	2021	55.4	77.3
internet users (per 100 people)	2021	89.0	88.5
Source: World Bank			

Traffic legislation in Slovenia	
Speed limits for passenger cars:	(km/h)
motorways	130
rural roads	90
urban roads	50
Drink-driving:	BAC limits (g/l)
max. BAC for drivers	0.50
max. BAC for young/novice drivers	0.00
max. BAC for professional drivers	0.00
Existence of drug-driving law	Yes
Protective systems:	
obligation to use seatbelt in front seat	Yes
obligation to use seatbelt in rear seat	Yes
obligation to use child restraint systems for transport of children	Yes
obligation to use a helmet as a motorcyclist	Yes
Prohibition to use mobile phone while driving (hand-held)	Yes
Source: <u>WHO (2018)</u>	

¹ Please note that this country fact sheet has been written in British English. Exact wording of items and spelling was adapted according to the needs of the national language versions of the ESRA3 survey.

² The Europe22 ESRA3 mean is based on the results of the 22 European countries participating in the ESRA3 survey: Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Serbia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom.

³ The Europe22 mean used in the background data is based on the national data of the 22 European countries participating in the ESRA3 survey (for countries see footnote 2 above).

The ESRA3 survey in Slovenia was supported by Slovenian Traffic Safety Agency.

Please refer to this document as: Vias institute. (2023). *Slovenia – ESRA3 Country Fact Sheet. ESRA3 survey (E-Survey of Road users' Attitudes).* Version 2 (01/2024). [Fact sheet]. <u>https://www.esranet.eu/storage/minisites/esra2023countryfactsheetslovenia.pdf</u>

For more information: www.esranet.eu or email esra@vias.be

