

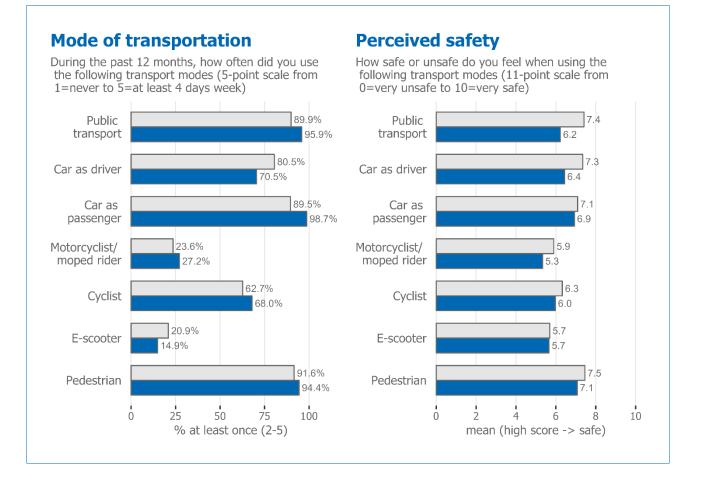
# Bosnia and Herzegovina ESRA3 Country Fact Sheet

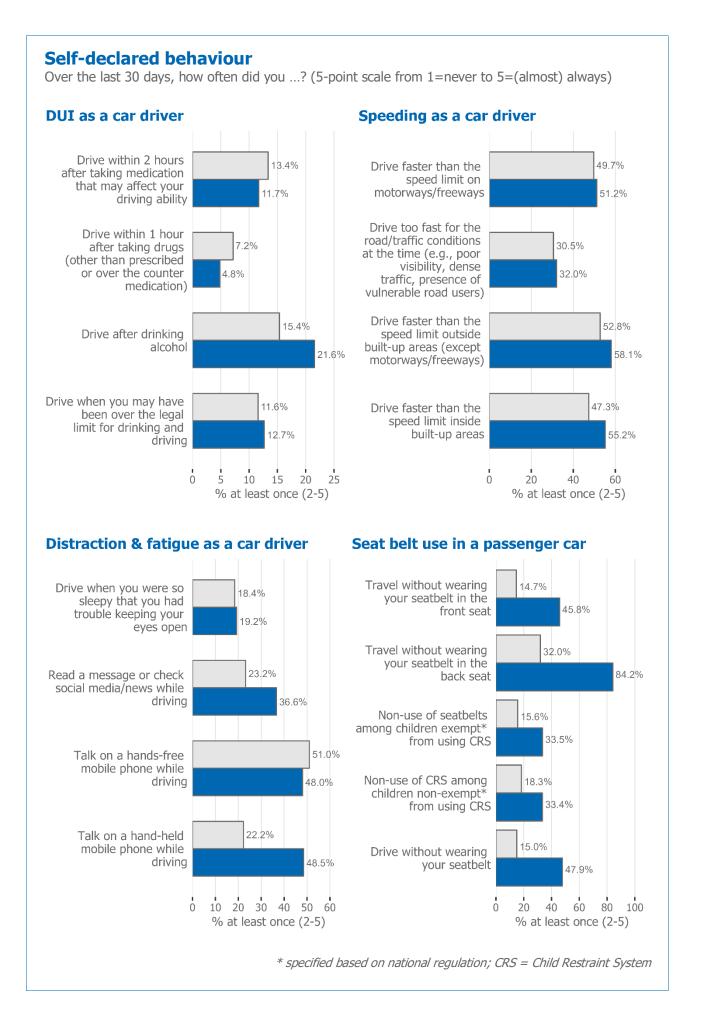
Version 2 (01/2024)

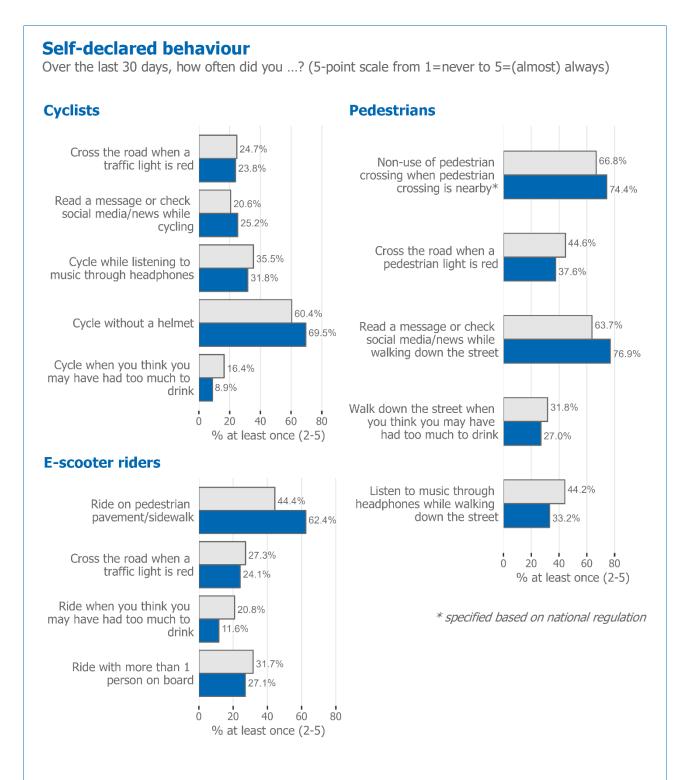
ESRA (E-Survey of Road Users' Attitudes) is a joint initiative of road safety institutes, research centres, public services, and private sponsors from all over the world. The aim is to collect and analyse comparable data on road safety performance and road safety culture. The ESRA data are used as a basis for a large set of road safety indicators. These provide scientific evidence for policy making at national and international levels. Vias institute in Brussels (Belgium) initiated and coordinates ESRA, in cooperation with ten steering group partners (BASt, DTU, IATSS, ITS, KFV, NTUA, PRP, SWOV, TIRF, University Gustave Eiffel). At the heart of ESRA is a jointly developed questionnaire survey, which is translated into national language versions<sup>1</sup>. The themes covered include: self-declared behaviour, attitudes and opinions on unsafe traffic behaviour, enforcement experiences and support for policy measures. The survey addresses different road safety topics (e.g. driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs and medicines, speeding, distraction) and targets car occupants, motorcyclists and moped riders, cyclists, riders of e-scooters and pedestrians.

This fact sheet contains the key results of the ESRA3 survey, which was conducted simultaneously in 39 countries in 2023. In total this online panel survey collected data from more than 37,000 road users (914 in Bosnia and Herzegovina, aged 18-74). The ESRA3 survey in Bosnia and Herzegovina was supported by WHO Regional Office for Europe, as part of the 5th Regional Status Report on Road Safety. An overview of the initiative and more results are available on <u>www.esranet.eu</u>.

The following figures show a core set of variables in which Bosnia and Herzegovina (blue bar ) is compared with the Europe22 ESRA3 mean<sup>2</sup> (grey bar ).







#### Sample size\*\*

Road users who use each transport mode at least a few days per month.

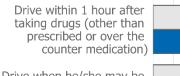
Mode of transportation	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe22	
Car drivers	597	16,900	
Car drivers who transported children (<18y) exempt* from using CRS	354	6,110	
Car drivers who transported children (<18y) non-exempt* from using CRS	328	6,441	
Car passengers	837	15,480	
Cyclists	369	10,650	
E-scooter riders	61	2,918	
Pedestrians	716	19,119	
**weighted sample for self-declared behaviours. CRS = Child Restraint System			

# Personal acceptability

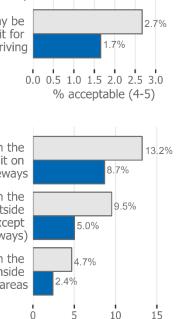
How acceptable do you, personally, feel it is to ...? (5-point scale from 1=unacceptable to 5=acceptable)

2.6%

#### **Car drivers** DUI



Drive when he/she may be over the legal limit for drinking and driving



2.8%

4

1.7%

1.4%

2 3

1

2.3%

0

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2

#### Speeding

Drive faster than the speed limit on motorways/freeways

Drive faster than the speed limit outside built-up areas (except motorways/freeways)

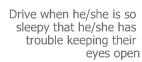
Drive faster than the speed limit inside built-up areas

#### Seat belt

Transport children in the car without securing them (child's car seat, seatbelt, etc.)

Drive without wearing the seatbelt

#### **Distraction & fatigue**

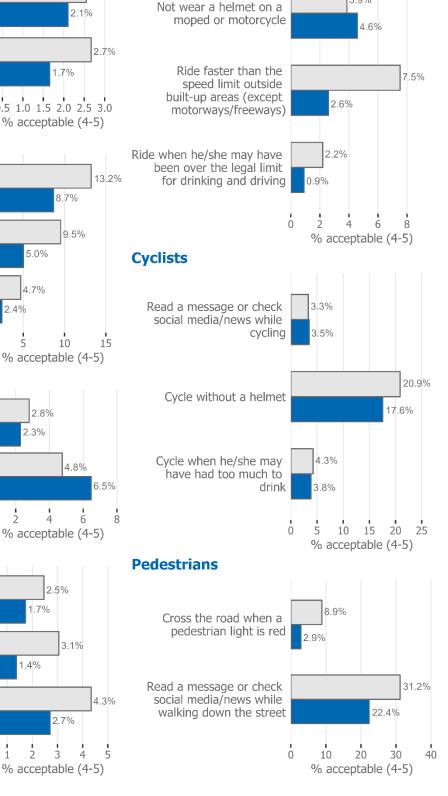


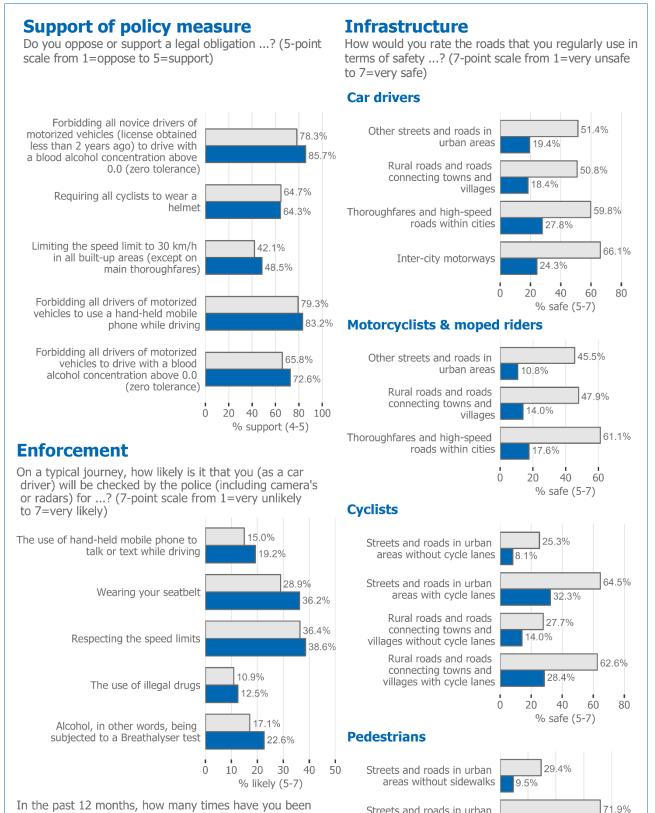
Read a message or check social media/news while driving

> Talk on a hand-held mobile phone while driving

## Motorcyclists & moped riders

3.9%





In the past 12 months, how many times have you been checked by the police for ...?

Using drugs (other than prescribed or over the counter medication) while driving a car Using alcohol while driving a car (i.e., being subjected to a

Breathalyser test) ö

4.5% 18.8% 37.5% 10 20 30 40 % at least once

5.5%

Streets and roads in urban

areas with sidewalks

Rural roads and roads

connecting towns and

Rural roads and roads

connecting towns and

villages with sidewalks

villages without sidewalks

33.3%

64.7%

80

28.7%

40 60

% safe (5-7)

8.9%

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14.9%

20

# **Background Data**

Basic data of Bosnia and Herzegovina in relation to the Europe22<sup>3</sup> mean.

Exposure		
	year	Bosnia and Herzegovina
total length of roads (km)	2020	9,110
total length of motorways (km)	2020	218
vehicle kilometres (total in millions)	NA	NA
motorisation rate (motor vehicles/1000 inhab.)	2016	299.1
Source: IRF, Geneva, Switzerland; WHO (2018)		

### Persons killed in road crashes by age, gender and transport mode

	Bosnia and Herzegovina		Europe22*	
	absolute number	%	absolute number	%
0-14	NA	NA	398	2.1
15-17	NA	NA	424	2.3
18-24	NA	NA	2,361	12.7
25-49	NA	NA	6,166	33.2
50-64	NA	NA	3,969	21.4
≥65	NA	NA	5,122	27.6
unknown age	NA	NA	112	0.6
male	NA	NA	14,529	78.3
female	NA	NA	3,990	21.5
unknown gender	NA	NA	33	0.2
car (including taxi)	NA	NA	7,349	43.7
moped	NA	NA	464	2.8
motorcycle	NA	NA	3,103	18.5
bicycle	NA	NA	1,640	9.8
pedestrian	NA	NA	2,814	16.7
other	NA	NA	1,437	8.6
TOTAL	318	100.0		100.0
fatalities per 1,000,000 inhab.	91.4		39.1	

Data of Bosnia and Herzegovina from 2016. Europe22\* based on the most recent data available by country. Due to missing data not included in mean for gender and age: Bosnia and Herzegovina; for transport modes moped and motorcyclists also Ireland, United Kingdom. The mean for 'fatalities per 1,000,000 inhab.' includes all countries. Source: <u>WHO (2018)</u>

Population			
	year	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Europe22
population	2021	3,270,943	482,386,787
density (inhab./km <sup>2</sup> )	2021	63.9	128.0
males (% of total)	2021	49.2	49.0
females (% of total)	2021	50.8	51.0
urban (% of total)	2021	49.4	77.3
internet users (per 100 people)	2021	75.7	88.5
Source: World Bank			

<b>Traffic legislation</b>	in	<b>Bosnia and</b>	Herzegovina
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Speed limits for passenger cars:	(km/h)
motorways	130
rural roads	80
urban roads	50
Drink-driving:	BAC limits (g/l)
max. BAC for drivers	0.30
max. BAC for young/novice drivers	0.00
max. BAC for professional drivers	0.00
Existence of drug-driving law	Yes
Protective systems:	
obligation to use seatbelt in front seat	Yes
obligation to use seatbelt in rear seat	Yes
obligation to use child restraint systems for transport of children	Yes
obligation to use a helmet as a motorcyclist	Yes
Prohibition to use mobile phone while driving (hand-held)	Yes
Source: <u>WHO (2018)</u>	

<sup>1</sup> Please note that this country fact sheet has been written in British English. Exact wording of items and spelling was adapted according to the needs of the national language versions of the ESRA3 survey.

<sup>2</sup> The Europe22 ESRA3 mean is based on the results of the 22 European countries participating in the ESRA3 survey: Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Serbia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom.

<sup>3</sup> The Europe22 mean used in the background data is based on the national data of the 22 European countries participating in the ESRA3 survey (for countries see footnote 2 above).

The ESRA3 survey in Bosnia and Herzegovina was supported by WHO Regional Office for Europe, as part of the 5th Regional Status Report on Road Safety.

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For more information: www.esranet.eu or email esra@vias.be

